Honors Geometry- BI Chapter 10 Review

Things to study:

- know how to identify a chord, secant, tangent, minor arc, major arc, inscribed angle, central angle, etc... (all the ones we learned)
- review all warm up problems

Sample Problems

2.

- 1. In the circle at right, point D is the center.
 - a) Name a central angle.
 - b) Name an inscribed angle.
 - c) What is m arcAB?
 - d) What is m arcACB?
 - e) What is $m \angle ACB$?

Solve for x and y.



- 3. \overline{AB} is a diameter of \bigcirc P, AB = 11, m arc CB = 15°, $\overline{CE} \cong \overline{ED}$. Calculate the lengths of \overline{CE} and \overline{EB} .



4. Regular hexagon ABCDEF is inscribed in \bigcirc O, and AB = 8 cm. Find each of the following:

a) $m \angle AOC$ b) m arc AB

c) m arc ACE

d) m arc ABC



e) m∠AFE

5. If AE = 8, EB = 6, and EC = 3, what is the length of ED?

6. In ⊙ P, AB is a diameter, m∠DAB = 65°, AB || EF, and m EF = 88°. Find each of the following:
a) m arc FB
b) m∠BAF
c) m arc AE
d) m arc AD
e) m arc DCB

f) m∠ADB

Find the value of x.

13

12

10.

- 7. In the figure at right, m AD = 84 and m BC = 62. What is $m \angle AED$? Justify your answer.
- 8. In the figure at right, m AD = 91 and $m \angle AEC = 97$. What is m BD? Justify your answer.
- 9. In the figure at right, m AD = 113 and m BC = 48. What is $m \angle AED$? Prove your answer.

11.



13. Write the equation of a circle whose center is (4, -1) and passes through (5, 8).











6



Answers: 1. a) $\angle ADB$ b) $\angle ACB$ c) 84° d) 276° e) 42° 2. x = 39, y = 29 3. CE \approx 1.4235, EB \approx .1874 4. a) 120° b) 60° c) 240° d) 120° e) 120° 5. 4 6. a) 46° b) 23° c) 46° d) 50° e) 130° f) 90° 7. 73° 8. 103° 9. 32.5° 10. 10 11. 12 12. 6 or 12 13. (x - 4)² + (y + 1)² = 82