

AP Calculus – Another Review for Ch 4 - All

1. For $0 \leq t \leq 30$, the rate of change of the number of flies on Coral Island at time t days is modeled by

$$F(t) = 2 \cos\left(\frac{\pi}{t}\right) - 8\sqrt{t+1} \text{ flies per day.}$$

- a) Is the number of flies increasing or decreasing at time $t=3$? Decreasing, Slope = (-) $F'(3) = (-)$
 b) At time $t=3$, is the number of flies increasing at an increasing rate, increasing at a decreasing rate, decreasing at an increasing rate, or decreasing at a decreasing rate? Give a reason for your answer.

*think vel accel

*see back

$F'(3) = (-)$ $F''(3) = (-)$ decreasing @ increasing rate

2. A rectangular field is to be bounded by a fence on three sides and by a building on the fourth side. Find the maximum area that can be enclosed with 2500 feet of fence. *see below

3. Let f be a function with a second derivative given by $f''(x) = x^3(x-2)(x-5)^2$. What are the x -coordinates of the points of inflection of the graph of f ?

- (A) 0 only (B) 2 only (C) 0 and 2 only (D) 2 and 5 only (E) 0, 2, and 5

possible = 0, 2, 5



4. Let g be the function given by $g(x) = x(x-2)^2$. The graph of g is concave down when

- (A) $x > \frac{4}{3}$
 (B) $x < \frac{4}{3}$
 (C) $x > \frac{3}{2}$
 (D) $x < \frac{3}{2}$
 (E) $x < 2$

$$g(x) = x(x^2 - 4x + 4) = x^3 - 4x^2 + 4x$$

$$g'(x) = 3x^2 - 8x + 4$$

$$g''(x) = 6x - 8 = 0$$

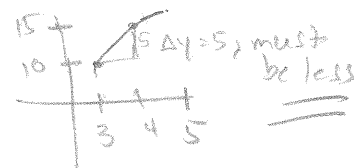
$$x = \frac{8}{6} = \frac{4}{3} \leftarrow \text{Inflection}$$



5. Let f be a twice-differentiable function with $f'(x) > 0$ and $f''(x) < 0$ for all real numbers x , such that $f(3) = 10$ and $f(4) = 15$. Of the following, which is a possible value for $f(5)$?

- (A) 12
 (B) 15
 (C) 18
 (D) 20
 (E) 22

$f'(x) > 0$ Increasing
 $f''(x) < 0$ decreasing rate



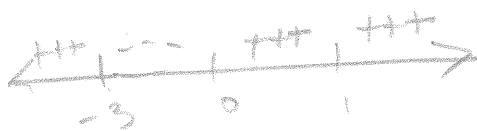
6. If f is continuous for $a \leq x \leq b$ and differentiable for $a < x < b$, which of the following could be false?

- (A) f has a maximum value on $a \leq x \leq b$
 (B) f has a minimum value on $a \leq x \leq b$
 (C) f has no corners, cusps, or vertical tangent lines on $a \leq x \leq b$
 (D) $f'(c) = \frac{f(b) - f(a)}{b - a}$ for some c such that $a < c < b$
 (E) $f'(c) = 0$ for some c such that $a < c < b$ ← assumes levels off

7. If $f''(x) = 3x(x+3)(x-1)^2$, then the graph of f has inflection points when $x =$

- (A) -3 only
 (B) 1 only
 (C) -3 and 1 only
 (D) 0 and -3 only
 (E) -3, 0, and 1 only

$$x = 0, -3, 1$$



② Building

w $P=2500$ w
 l

$A = lw$ $P = 2w + l = 2500$ $l = 2500 - 2w$

$A = (2500 - 2w) \cdot w$

$A = 2500w - 2w^2$ $A(w) = \text{MAX, 50}$

$0 \leq w \leq 1250$ $A(0) = 0$

$A' = 2500 - 4w$ $A(625) = 78125$

$0 = 2500 - 4w$ $A(1250) = 0$

$w = 625$

Increasing @ Constant rate

$$f'(x) > 0$$
$$f''(x) = 0$$

Decreasing @ Const. rate

$$f'(x) < 0$$
$$f''(x) = 0$$

Increasing @ Increasing Rate

$$f'(x) > 0$$
$$f''(x) > 0$$

* Slope of
tan below graph

Increasing @ Decreasing Rate

$$f'(x) > 0$$
$$f''(x) < 0$$

* Slope of
tan above graph

Decreasing @ decreasing rate

$$f'(x) < 0$$
$$f''(x) > 0$$

* Slope of tan below

Decreasing @ Increasing rate

$$f'(x) < 0$$
$$f''(x) < 0$$

* Slope of tan above

