

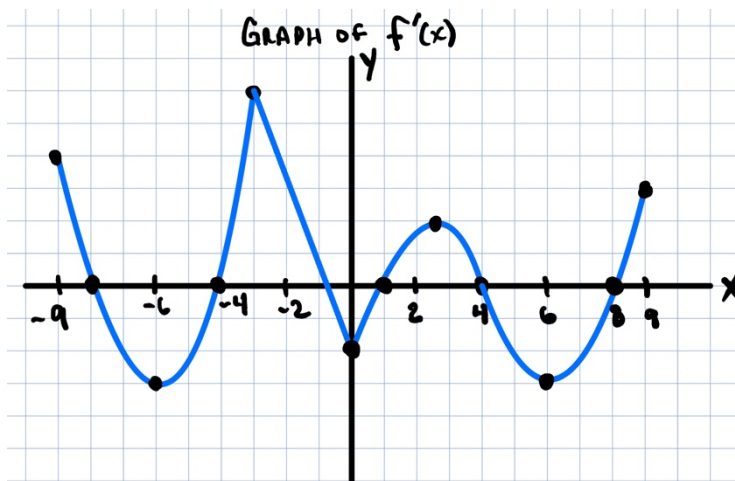
AP Calculus Semester 1 Final – Additional Review

No Calculator Allowed

1. The figure shows the graph of f' , the derivative of the function f , on the closed interval $-9 \leq x \leq 9$. The graph of f' has tangent lines at $x = -6$, $x = 2.5$, and $x = 6$. The function f is twice differentiable with $f(-3) = -1$

a) For what values of x is the graph of f increasing? Decreasing?

b) For what values of x is the graph of f concave up? Concave down?

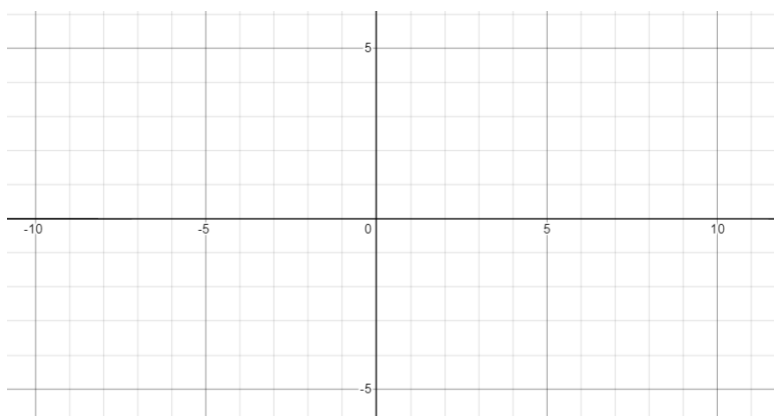


c) Find the x -coordinate of each local maximum and minimum of f . Justify your answer.

d) Find the x -coordinate of each point of inflection for f . Justify your answer.

e) On what intervals is the graph of f concave up and has a negative slope? Explain your reasoning.

f) For the interval $-9 \leq x \leq 9$, sketch a possible graph of f on the axes provided.



2. Suppose you had the curve for $x^3 - 3x^2y + 2xy^2 = 12$

a) Find $\frac{dy}{dx}$

b) Find $\frac{dy}{dx}$ at the point $(-1, 3)$.

c) Find the equation of the tangent line at the point $(2, -1)$

d) Find $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2}$

Calculator Allowed

The position of a particle moving in a straight line is given by the equation

$$f(t) = t^3 - 4 \sin\left(\frac{\pi t}{2}\right) - 3t. \text{ Where } t \text{ is in seconds.}$$

a) Find the average velocity of the particle over the interval $0 \leq t \leq 4$.

b) Determine the intervals when the particle is moving the left or to the right.

c) Determine the intervals when the particle is speeding up or slowing down.

